

# **API Design** for Rubin's Alert System

Spencer Nelson <swnelson@uw.edu>













- 1. Overview
- 2. Message Format
- 3. Kafka Topic Structure
- 4. Schema Registry
- 5. Auth
- 6. Client libraries
- 7. Integration testing endpoint



Data will be delivered via Kafka over the internet.

Each alert will be a single Kafka message.

Kafka messages will be encoded using Confluent Wire Format with an Avro binary payload.

A public schema registry will be available in read-only mode.







- 1. Overview
- 2. Message Format
- 3. Kafka Topic Structure
- 4. Schema Registry
- 5. Auth
- 6. Client libraries
- 7. Integration testing endpoint



Alerts will be serialized using Apache Avro into binary payloads.

A draft of the alert schema is available here:

https://github.com/lsst/alert\_packet/tree/master/python/lsst/alert/packet/schema/4/0

The schema is large (~40kB), so we will not include it in every message; instead we include a reference to the schema used.

Payloads are expected to be 20-80kB.



The binary Avro payload will be delivered in Confluent Wire Format (<u>https://docs.confluent.io/platform/7.0.0/schema-registry/serdes-develop/index.html#wire-format</u>)

Magic	Schema ID (big-endian 32-bit int)				Data		
0x00	0x00	0x00	0x00	0x04	0xD1	0xA0	🧧
		= 1 byte					



- 1. Overview
- 2. Message Format
- 3. Kafka Topic Structure
- 4. Schema Registry
- 5. Auth
- 6. Client libraries
- 7. Integration testing endpoint



#### Kafka Topic Structure

Proposing one big topic for all alerts, named "alerts".

Separate topic for schemas and their updates ("registry-schemas" maybe).

And of course, the usual backend Kafka topics (\_\_consumer\_offsets).

Data will be retained for at least 7 days in the alerts topic (maybe longer?). We will also store a longer-term archive of the records in case of any disasters.



- 1. Overview
- 2. Message Format
- 3. Kafka Topic Structure
- 4. Schema Registry
- 5. Auth
- 6. Client libraries
- 7. Integration testing endpoint



Confluent Schema Registry is an open-source REST service for serving message schemas.

The alert schema will be available by ID - the same ID as in each Kafka message.

GET /schemas/ids/{schema\_id} will return the Avro Schema document, which you can use to decode alert messages.

Please cache the schema, don't request it for every message. It won't change very often.



- 1. Overview
- 2. Message Format
- 3. Kafka Topic Structure
- 4. Schema Registry
- 5. Auth
- 6. Client libraries
- 7. Integration testing endpoint



Kafka access will require credentials. Rubin will distribute these credentials to brokers.

The auth scheme will be SASL/SCRAM SHA-512 (<u>https://kafka.apache.org/documentation/#security\_sasl\_scram</u>).

This means you'll get a username and password; these will be generated so they'll act like API tokens.

You will have read access to the "events" and "registry-schemas" topics, and read/write to the "\_\_\_consumer\_offsets" topic.



Everything will be encrypted under TLS. Our certs will be from some well-known authority, so this shouldn't be noticeable to community brokers.

Schema registry will not require any auth, but it will be read-only.



Not sure how credential rotation will work, or how community brokers can request multiple credential sets.

This might just be a manual process.



- 1. Overview
- 2. Message Format
- 3. Kafka Topic Structure
- 4. Schema Registry
- 5. Auth
- 6. Client libraries
- 7. Integration testing endpoint



Rubin does not plan to release a dedicated client library for community brokers to use.

We think that open-source libraries are really good already, and we've been careful to only use industrial technologies (Kafka, Avro, Schema Registry).

You can use Mirrormaker, or Kafka Connect, or Python's confluent\_kafka or kafka-python - anything you want.

Collectively, this group has lots of experience with Kafka clients. Let's share our recommendations.



- 1. Overview
- 2. Message Format
- 3. Kafka Topic Structure
- 4. Schema Registry
- 5. Auth
- 6. Client libraries
- 7. Integration testing endpoint



# Integration Testing Endpoint

Currently working on a deployment suitable for integration testing by community brokers.

A static sequence of several thousand alerts will be repeatedly published every 37 seconds.

There will be a Kafka broker, and a schema registry, and the system will require auth.

We hope this helps you get started on deploying and testing brokers.



# Integration Testing Endpoint

Working on this now, and hope to have something available in December.

**Not live yet,** but the plan is:

Kafka bootstrap address:

alert-broker-int.lsst.cloud:9092

Schema registry:

https://alert-schemas-int.lsst.cloud

Once we have things set up, we will distribute credentials to all the community broker teams.